



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS

VOL. XXVII.

OCTOBER 4, 1912.

No. 40.

THE PLAGUE SITUATION.

PORTO RICO.

No case of plague in man has been reported in Porto Rico since September 12.

A plague-infected rat was found in Caguas, a town 18 miles south of San Juan. The diagnosis of plague in this rat was made September 28.

CALIFORNIA.

During the week ended September 14 two plague-infected ground squirrels were found in California, one in Alameda County and one in Contra Costa County.

MANILA.

A fatal case of plague was reported in Manila during the week ended August 17. This makes the fifth case of plague reported since June 14.

AZORES.

September 25 plague was reported present in the Azores at Terceira, 8 cases and 3 deaths having been officially notified.

ENGLAND.

In Liverpool rats have been systematically caught and examined during the past year. Most of this work has been carried on along the water front. Among approximately 3,000 rats examined 3 were found plague infected, 1 in April and 2 in August, 1912.

PERU.

During the year 1911 there were officially reported in Peru 879 cases of plague with 426 deaths. These cases were notified in the following eight departments: Libertad, Lima, Lambayeque, Piura, Arequipa, Ancash, Callao, and Cajamarca.

VIRULENT SMALLPOX.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

According to the last reports received, cases of virulent smallpox were still occurring in Pittsburgh. During the week ended September 14 there were reported 18 cases and 3 deaths, and during the week ended September 21, 14 cases and 7 deaths.